Morning Oregonian.

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EASTERN DISPATCHES.

The Wife of Senator Allison of Iowa Commits Suicide.

NEWS FROM THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

Cardinal Manning on the Irish Situation—Several Big Fires in the East and the South—General News.

Cardinal Manning on the Irish Situation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The Herald prints this morning an interesting interview with Cardinal Manning, in which the latter expresses his personal views of Ireland and Irishmen. He professes his general view of Ireland to remain unchanged. His affection for the country, and believes that her relations to landlords and tenant have improved, and those of landlords and tenant have improved, and those of agrarian agitation has not had at root. He that agrarian agitation which might benefit laborers, as looks for perhaps which is needed, and for [illegible] farmers here. [illegible] when the Irish artisan shall live in his own cottage, till his own garden, and find in home his advantages for which he now looks wistfully to the advantages for which he now looks wistfully to the [illegible]. The Cardinal traces the social upheaval in the influence of continental secret societies, especially in the Irish. He considers that Ireland could get the love if she [illegible] Engl and. He denounces resolved separation from England as a scheme of clearance, while peaceful emigration of the peoples who were sent to populate [illegible] above.

The Broke in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The break in prices to-day was due entirely to the stock ring there, as stocks in nothing new in the financial situation which would account for the decline. Many operators would not share in the break yesterday for a turn, but they were shaken out this morning, and this accelerated the decline. There are [illegible] the usual rumors about the financial embarrassments of individuals and firms, but no names are mentioned.

The failure of Cecil Hoyt has just been announced at the Stock Exchange. Liabilities [illegible] will be under $50,000.

H. B. Stanton, a stock broker said the trouble can be traced to Gould and Jay Gould, who is endeavoring to so divide certain of Jillard's stocks, consisting of Oregon Transcontinental and Northern Pacific.

News from the Presidential Party.

GRAY COURT, SC. DISPATCHES CREEK, via FORT WILLIAMSON, Wyo., August 14.—

Broke camp at 4:30 A. M. The route lay almost an old Indian trail, and was filled and rutty by [illegible] portion of the party climbed the foothills and mountains to the left, to avoid the worst of going and accompanied the wagons. The day was [illegible], being cool and pleasantly sunshiny. Only one deer and one antelope were seen. As camping ground was established [illegible] Fort Washakie, on the Big Horn [illegible] Indians were brought to [illegible] of fourteen miles [illegible] Indian scouts, a noisy, pressure rushing [illegible] down in a body to the [illegible] Indians which [illegible] of the governor of Montana, [illegible] camp has been named Camp Crosby.

Two Suicides.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—A young man named Robt Harrison, while crossing the Rock Island railroad bridge over the Calumet river late afternoon, fell [illegible] upon ordinary circumstances by remarking, [illegible] might as well end it now," and jumped into the river. Two bathing lads, [illegible] Harrison, [illegible] and [illegible] the river. The bodies of both men were recovered.

Archbishop Purcell's Debts to be Paid.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18.—Archbishop Elder yesterday issued an order to take effect on the 15th day of August, to the [illegible] of Archbishop Purcell as a matter of charity, but not as a discharge of a legal obligation.

Ingalls Park, N. J. Aug. 18.—The National Education Association closed to-night. During the [illegible] days session over fifty addresses were delivered and many papers read, by prominent Christian educationalists.

Big Row up of Socialists

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The socialists have had a picnic at Ogden's grove to-day, which was attended by [illegible] people. There were [illegible] stands in the [illegible] of banners and flags, but no speaking.

SENATORIAL INVESTIGATION.

Senator Workman Compelled Long the Operators' Grievances Before a Committee.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—A sub-committee of the United States senate committee on labor and education began its session to-day in the post office building. The members present were Senator Blair of New Hampshire, Chairman George of Mississippi, Pugh of Alabama, Call of Florida, and Allison of Rhode Island. The special subject investigated was the strikes and labor movement in general, the object being to obtain information that may be used in future legislation to prevent them. The first witness called was Senator Workman, Campbell, of Pittsburg. He testified that he had been a telegraph operator in New Jersey [illegible] years ago. He described the methods of the Knights of Labor and the Brotherhood of Telegraphers two years. Between 18[illegible] and 18[illegible], 600 telegraphers in the United States and Canada are members of the brotherhood and the whole membership [illegible] 5,000. The cause of the strikes was the refusal of the company to grant a demand on the part of the operators for increased compensation for Sunday service. The [illegible] of telegraph operators are systematically cut down and this [illegible] to the Sunday work. Before the reduction in wages rates were [illegible] to 40 per cent. higher than at present. In 1870 four class operators could make from $75 to $100 per month. These rates extended back to the time of the beginning of the war, when small scale was about the same as at present or relatively speaking, and that for commercial a little higher. The Western Union [illegible]

ONE QUARTER OF ALL THE OPERATORS

in the country, and about two-thirds are railroad operators. The American Rapid Company only employs one fifth as many operators as the Western Union. Between the Western Union and the two companies and all employers of telegraph operators. The rate of wages was not considered sufficient for [illegible] upon, and was much below that of common laborers in many instances. The company [illegible] were able to pay better rates to their men, without increasing their rates for service to the public. The Western Union [illegible] the large dividends paid by the Western Union, besides their facilities for transmitting messages here [illegible] by the [illegible] of the double and quadruple. There has been no reduction in the tariff in consequence of these improvements, but, on the other hand, the [illegible] operators have been increased. The number of operators had doubled since 1880, while the facilities of the company had more than doubled. The Western Union in 1884 handled 7,000,000 messages, and the [illegible] a number was 26,000,000. Campbell read the [illegible] of the strike since it began.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

Continuance of Systematic Wire Cutting—Operators Returning to Work.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Press Agent Somerville, of the Western Union Company, said this morning the wires [illegible] o'clock last night. wires had been cut [illegible] the company, and [illegible] were in a few cases destroyed. [illegible] Six wires on the Atlantic Cable, American Union, and Transatlantic and Postal companies, [illegible] were cut [illegible] Philadelphia, [illegible] between New York and Newark. Part of the Bombray lines were cut this morning [illegible] Hudson line are all O. K. Twenty of the Gold and Stock wires [illegible] this city between midnight and daylight. Line men were out to-day repairing. The Western Union has employed fifteen men to watch the wires but so far no consequent arrests of wire-cutters are made. Somerville said that the states in which wires are cut would have to pay for the damage done and the expense of repairing the lines. Reliable elements persisted in say that they can see wires

Delivery of the Western Union say they are well at work in many places. Telegraph operators are beginning to place them in good circulations as before the strike. Of 133 offices of the company in this city seventy-one are now open. It is said one of the striking operators in this city and another at Lockport Branch had returned to work to-day

A LINEMAN SHOT AT.

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 19.—While a lineman of the Western Union Telegraph company was on a pole repairing wires, [illegible] A. M. three rifle shots were fired at him, two [illegible] which struck close to his head.

RETURNED TO WORK.

OSWEGO, Aug. 18 — Four of the seven operators here, who went out on the strike, returned to duty this morning.

THE PRIZE RING.

SLADE AND MITCHELL AT KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, Aug 18.—Slade, the Maori, with a trainer, arrived from New York to-day. Mitchell was party of the party from Denver. Slade and Mitchell will go at once into training for their match, which was for which has been changed from [illegible] 25 to September 11, to be held within 200 miles [illegible] city of Omaha.

THE TURF.

AT SARATOGA.

SARATOGA, Aug. 18.—First race, mile and one-eighth—Vicelitor won, Brocade 2d, Enfreeze third. Time 1:59.

Second race, three-quarter mile dash—Who first was won by Jim Nelson, Marcus 3d, Lizzie Em 3d; time, 1:18¾.

ACCIDENTS.

STEAMER BURNED.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—A small pleasure steamer, Charmer, with a pleasure party of fourteen on board, took fire last night at South Chicago, but [illegible] were all picked up by the steamer Rapid which happened to be passing.

BURNED.

OWENTON, Ky.—Rev. J. N. Beck says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters and consider it one of the best tonics sold."

James E. Osgood, the Boston publisher who has been abroad, will start for home next week.

Ridgeway, Ireland, "Infallible," all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by "Buchupaiba" 81.

FOREIGN DISPATCHES.

Chief Justice Coleridge Coming to the United States.

SPANISH INSURRECTION NEARLY ENDED.

Hostile Forces Flown by the French in Tonquin—Republicans Victorious in the French Elections—Items of Interest.

THE SPANISH INSURRECTION.

Four of the Rebels Executed—The Insurgents Mostly Pardoned.

MADRID, Aug. 18.—The Diario says that General Martinez Campos, minister of war, to-day informed the cabinet that four sergeants had been shot at Santa Domingo The king to-morrow will review Madrid garrison, now having 1200 men. His presence will be the signal for the [illegible] of the [illegible] Many [illegible] have been [illegible] to the [illegible] Apostolic party, sending [illegible] from Madrid [illegible] Alphonso, France, several republican newspapers at Madrid have been suppressed and some civil [illegible] arrested. It is stated that Senor Olozaga has left Madrid for and his party continue to [illegible] the opposition.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A cholera outbreak occurred today at the town of Chavez, [illegible] in consequence [illegible] a local [illegible] Algeciras was killed and a [illegible] wounded. Order has been restored.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Times' Madrid correspondent says an order has been issued by the [illegible] including the printing of any news regarding the insurrection movements in Spain, except what is officially supplied from the home office, and cautioning editors of papers to abstain from comments upon recent events. The correspondent adds that strict censorship continues in [illegible]

ENGLAND.

CATHOLIC PRELATES TO VISIT ROME.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says the chief prelates of the Roman Catholic church in England and Ireland will assemble at the Vatican in November next, as the pope wishes to consult with them as to the best means of [illegible] friendly relations [illegible] with all powers.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS IN TONQUIN.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A dispatch dated Hai-Hoi, August 6, says six river gunboats are here preparing to proceed to Lang-Son for the purpose of [illegible] the stockade at Kep, where the Chinese and French troops will assemble. The French have no artillery in their [illegible] The enemy is pressing their lines [illegible] and [illegible] Tuyen-Quan. It is believed Viceroy Yun Nan is actively forwarding assistance to the enemy.

APPROVED BY THE QUEEN.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—It is announced that the queen has approved the appointment of the duke of Connaught to divisional commander in Bengal.

CHIEF JUSTICE COLERIDGE COMING TO AMERICA.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Lord Chief Justice Coleridge, accompanied by Lord Justice Bowen and Chas. Russell, sail the present week for America.

EGYPT.

THE CHOLERA STILL IN EGYPT.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Deaths from cholera in Egyptian provinces Friday, 926, including 235 in the province of Damietta, 180 in the province of Gerdieh and, twenty-six in Ghizeh and Aiffe. Saturday there were 1[illegible] including 1[illegible] at Cairo, 51 in Sebenyteh and 296 in the province of Mansoul. Hand-cuts of powder and fire to Ostro from Alexandria. Cheer Pasha, president of the [illegible] council of ministers, arrived at Cairo from Alexandria Saturday. There have been no fresh cases of cholera among the British troops in Egypt, and their general health is excellent.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Thirty-two persons [illegible] from cholera at Alexandria Saturday, including five Europeans.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 13.—The Dutch government has received a telegram from Atcheen Padjeham announcing that the cholera is epidemic there.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 12.—Numbers of deaths yesterday from cholera, 91.

CAIRO, Aug 11.—There were eleven deaths from cholera here yesterday.

FRANCE.

REPUBLICAN GAINS.

PARIS, Aug 13.—The election s held through out the country on the [illegible] to-day, were general. Seventy-one districts return republicans, and twenty-three conservatives. Second ballots are necessary in seventeen districts, a republican net gain.

PARIS, Aug 13.—Returns that so far received on the election of yesterday for members of the general council, or [illegible] show a republican gain of 91.

COMTE DE CHAMBORD'S CONDITION.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—Count de Chambord passed another bad night, and is now extremely weak. His dyspeptic comp aint is increasing, and his condition is most alarming.

SUICIDE ARRIVED IN PARIS.

PARIS, Aug 11.—The Burgess embassy have arrived in Paris, and paid a visit to Challemel Lacour, minister of foreign affairs.

SWISS NATIONAL FESTIVAL.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—The Swiss national festival opened last y, with processions, speeches and music.

GERMANY.

MONEY AND FOR THE SCHLA SUFFERERS.

BERLIN Aug. 13.—A letter from Crown Prince Frederick William to Prince Bismarck is gratified. The crown prince says he is convinced that Germans are desirous of giving succor o friends in distress. He adds [illegible] has placed [illegible] names at the head of a subscription list in aid of people who suffered by the recent earthquake at Ischia.

TURKEY.

THE PORTE'S INTENTIONS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 13.—It is stated that the porte intends to terminate negotiations in relation to the treaty of commerce with the United States and the license was from Constantinople to Washington.

WAREHOUSE BURNED.

LONDON, Aug 13.—One hundred warehouses have been destroyed by fire at Salonica, Monastir.

MEXICO.

SOLDIERS MUTINY.

HERMOSILLO, Aug. 11.—A report reached here last night that the soldiers stationed at Ures, forty-five in [illegible] northwest of Hermosillo, mutinied on the 8th inst., killed two officers and [illegible] others. Reinforcements were sent for the mountains, taking with them arms, ammunition and provisions. The number of [illegible] is said to vary from 300 to 1[illegible]. General Topete left here last night for Ures with 400 artillery. The federal officers know but little and are not willing to give information.

COMPLETION OF THE BIG TUNNEL.

Status of the Work on the S. & C. Extension—The Road to be Opened to Grant's Pass in [illegible]

Last Friday the contractors on the Cow creek tunnel on the Oregon & California extension, reached daylight near the center, and will have the [illegible] nearly [illegible] track layers in about ten days. The perforation was 2800 feet, and is the longest tunnel on the line except the one at the Siskiyou mountains. The [illegible] is [illegible] 1[illegible] feet in length, in 8th section and 296 in the province of Soonl. Hand-cuts of powder and fire to Ostro from Alexandria. Cheer Pasha, president of the [illegible] council of ministers, arrived at Cairo from Alexandria Saturday. There have been no fresh cases of cholera among the British troops in EGYPT, and their general health is excellent.

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A NUMBER OF BIG FIRES.

The Town of Vineyard Haven, Mass., Nearly Destroyed—An Appeal for Aid.

VINEYARD HAVEN, MASS., Aug. 13.—The fire was checked this morning. The village is a sad sight, and is being visited by thousands from all parts of the island and from the mainland. The loss is estimated at $300,000; insurance, $94,208. All stores in the place but one are burned. The wife of James Davis, an aged citizen, died from excitement consequent upon the fire.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 12.—A public meeting was held at Cottage City at which a relief committee of twenty was appointed. Bonds and [illegible] were appointed, this afternoon. The committee have issued the following appeal:

An appalling calamity has befallen the village of Vineyard Haven. Quantities of food, clothing for money, and need to Captain Jos. T. Smith, treasurer, Vineyard Haven, Mass., will be thankfully received by the relief committee.

WM. H. ARNOCK, Chairman.

We, the selectmen of the town of Edgartown, in which the village of Vineyard Haven is situated, endorse the above appeal.

EDWARD ALLEN.
OWEN TILTON.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—The town of Cottage City, Martha's Vineyard, is in flames. The prospects are the entire settlement will be burned.

LATER.—A large number of cottages and business blocks have been destroyed. The loss is estimated at $200,000. Yes, fire originated in a church. The cause is unknown.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—The fire in Vineyard Haven, not Cottage City as before reported. A large number of cottages [illegible] belonging to summer residents, have been burned The fire broke out at 9 o'clock It originated in the harness manufactory of R. W. Crocker, and owing to a brisk northwest wind quickly swept through the village to the westward. There being no fire apparatus in the town, assistance was summoned from Cottage City by telephone; Nearly the entire population of that place hastened to the scene. The burned section begins at Jenkins' paint shop, on the east side of Main street, and extends southward to and including the Mansion house The loss cannot be accurately estimated, though probably it will fall a little short of $[illegible]—almost a death blow to this summer village. Nineteen hundred people are homeless, many of whom are thrown on the charity of their neighbors. There is a considerable insurance on the property destroyed, but as all the night [illegible] impossible to obtain particulars. There have been no accidents or loss of life, though the fire spread quickly and covered the territory [illegible] The flames [illegible] at a point [illegible] of Main street, and [illegible] southward [illegible] Washington and elsewhere. At 2:30 the fire is under control, and the destructive work is ended.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

CITTAGE CITY, Aug. 12.—Thousands of people visited the scene of the fire at Vineyard Haven Sunday. The people are not broken; and many are already preparing to build. Scores of [illegible] have been [illegible] and will be [illegible] relief commissioners. Fifteen thousand dollars were subscribed by cottagers on the island yesterday for the relief of the [illegible]

MRS. SCOVEL BURNED.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 13.—The Stanchfield house burned down last night. The fire originated in the rear of the building. Everything was favorable to the escape of guests. Within twenty minutes the [illegible] was [illegible] by the [illegible] hotel burned to the ground. The hotel was built by H. I. Kimball and owned by Robert Toombs, John Rice, Jose P. Thompson and others. It cost $[illegible] [illegible], $[illegible],000; insurance, $[illegible],000, distributed among many companies. The Gate City National bank, Hentzelen & Bros., tobacco; John H. Mantel, drugs, and others are among the losers. The loss was $1,000,000; insurance not over $500,000. The fire is claimed by Mr. Guilderson to be incendiary. In the vestibule the Gate City bank were [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG 14 1883

SOME PHASES OF TAXATION

Even though it be true that the purpose to tax credits in our state is finally fixed and never will be abandoned the fact does not prove, because nothing can prove, that the policy is any thing but an unscientific one condemned everywhere by an intelligent experience. Every attempt to tax credits has the effect in the long run, to make the borrower, or debtor, pay the tax, not to the state, but to the lender. This is elementary and axiomatic. One may grow weary with repeating it just as it may become irksome to insist on any primary truth as, for example, that two and two make four; but these simple truths lie at the base of every possible transaction. Whenever an attempt is made to tax credits, the lender soon puts himself in a position which enables him, by various expedients, to escape the tax, or, if that is impracticable he calls in his loans and ceases to lend. Experience abunds ly proves that in tangible property will in nearly all cases escape taxation no matter what effort is made to levy and collect upon it. Our mortgage tax law will prove only temporarily effective, because moneylenders will draw their money out of mortgage investments as soon as they can. This large numbers are taking steps to do now.

Bonds of the United States bearing only 4 per cent interest are at a high premium and there is a premium even on bonds 5 per cents. The reason is not far to seek. Persons who have money are like our Oregon farmers who have land—the former place their money where it will be taxed as little as possible and the latter insist upon and enforce a low valuation of their land in order that the taxes may not oppress them. The purpose to invest in securities which cannot be reached by taxation is simply the main footation of a course on the part of those who have money, whether the amounts be large or small, to places where it cannot be reached by the mob of tax eaters who swarm and throng everywhere lying upon all property within reach burdens most difficult to be borne. This, too, is one thing that makes the farmer insist upon having his land rated by the assessor at no more than one-third of its value. All over the country there are large and growing classes who live upon the proceeds of taxation. Their time and opportunity are wholly devoted to the invention and perfection of schemes to increase taxation and to obtain the manipulation of some branch of the system and some part of its proceeds and profits. The system is divided into innumerable parts, under state, county, township, municipal, school district, road district and other subdivisions. Every possible effort is made by the classes who have taken up as a profession this business of living off the industry and property of the country to levy the largest possible taxes in all directions. On the other hand whether tax payers have much or little, they are interested alike in aiding it as far as possible out of the sight and away from the clutch of this greedy rapacity. From hence to a small degree arises the fact that property is concealed from the assessor.

It is likewise one of the great causes which induce farmers to insist on low valuation of their lands. From the same cause arises the eagerness to invest in United States bonds, even at a rate of interest as low as never to have been heard of before. The man with but little money and the man with much money alike do everything in their power to keep out of the clutches of the harpy tax eaters and to escape confiscation. On their side the tax eaters permit no vigilance and allow no opportunity to escape them of increasing the public expenditures as far as possible. The consequence is that when property happens to be in such shape, place or condition that it cannot obtain concealment, or when its owners happen to be persons who have no ingenuity in protecting themselves against this organized rapacity by dextrous manipulation of indebtedness and other expedients of evasion such property is taxed enormously. A burden is thrown upon it which is most unjust and oppressive. If the property happens to be money, taxation almost confiscates any income that can be derived from it. It is but natural under such circumstances that investment in United States bonds should be sought, so that he person who has money, if it be but a few thousand or a few hundred dollars, may be able to snap his fingers in the face of this rapacious and insatiate spoliation.

Here, a man who has anything that can be reached by taxation particularly if it be a kind of property that may be set down at its actual value, might almost as well fall into the hands of the highwayman at once as to be caught in the huge machinery of our system of taxation. He will some out every year almost as badly dealt with as the man of the parable who was going from Jerusalem down to Jericho. With in a year past sums of money belonging to our citizens here have been invested in bonds of the United States and more will be. Even those who have but little money are becoming inclined to these investments as a refuge from a taxation which sequestrates pretty much all the profit that can be derived from money employed either at interest or in any legitimate business. By the time the man gets through the hands of the various assessors and collectors of the state tax, county tax city tax, school tax, road tax and poll tax, he begins to feel very thoroughly used up, especially if he is a man of small property depending on his labor or a little investment for his maintenance. Taxes take about all the money he can raise and he has nothing left. Wonder is often expressed that money is not more freely invested in our state and city. But there is nothing surprising about it. They who have money and are looking for chances inquire about taxation almost the first thing. When informed of the fact it is not strange that she should look elsewhere for, as a last resort, take government securities at 3 or 4 per cent. as a choice.

Again, under this system of taxation, there is no possibility of the profit "developments of manufacturing industry. Taxation of credits makes it virtually impossible to secure money for undertakings of this description. The extinction of such a system would do away with about all opposition upon which the manufacturer can rely for his profit. It is difficult at first to start manufacturing enterprises in a new country, where skilled labor is near and in short supply, where the market is not large and is supplied, occupied by the products of great establishments in older states and where even the sources of raw material have to be developed. When there is added to these difficulties the burden of a system of taxation which, in the very products on which business is founded, may fatally sow why factory building should be had from [illegible] low rates, it is had a [illegible] addition to the [illegible] the start-up of manufacturing [illegible] in a new country, the variation [illegible] grasps.

A ship [illegible] arrived in the Columbia river [illegible] with a general cargo for [illegible] will have to [illegible] tons to [illegible] This, so her [illegible] will [illegible] 60,000. Is it surprising that a higher rate is asked for ships [illegible] that [illegible] people from this [illegible] to [illegible] near the mouth [illegible] Astoria and North [illegible] Bruce and [illegible] bring it tents and [illegible] are in the resorts on [illegible] to breathe cool [illegible]

[illegible] Kilpas branch of [illegible] being painted with [illegible] [illegible] fine cars and rails [illegible] [illegible] various points along the [illegible] when all is ready for the iron. It may be set down in short order.

EVOLUTION AND THEOLOGY

Mr Beecher, who is to lecture upon "Evolution" in this city on Tuesday evening next, in a recent letter to a fellow minister of Chicago declared himself "a cordial Christian evolutionist." If he touches in his lecture here the religious or spiritual side of his subject, we shall doubtless obtain a statement which will throw light on the meaning of the phrase, as he uses it. A tendency to recognize the theory of evolution in the dealings of providence with man and, to some extent observable among a good many theologians of the present day.

This recognition has been more disputed perhaps on the part of those who belong to what is loosely known as the liberal school of religious thought. It is logically involved however, in the orthodox theologian or, to speak more precisely, in the creeds if the regular Christian sects which claim to base their tenets upon the old foundations. The ecclesiastical bodies quite generally agree that there has been a development of the divine order as exhibited in history. They all affirm that we are living under a new dispensation of which Judaism was the immediate predecessor. They do not regard Christianity as a revolt or protest against the Mosaic institutions but as their legitimate and foretold consummation. And yet the contrasts between the two systems are so sharp that it would seem as if the new ecclesiasticism represented a distinct change of front. But, if Christianity be accepted as a fulfillment of conditions which existed in their germs in Judaism, we have the doctrine of religious evolution without going further. Christianity itself is certainly undergoing the same process, at least to this extent, namely that it necessarily modifies its interpretation of doctrines to meet the new growths of man's moral intellectual and religious being.

Thus there is an important correspondence between theologians and scientists, and necessarily so, because the different parts of a great system cannot be hopelessly at variance. There has been and still is excess of dogmatism on both sides, obstructing just and fair views of the subject. Science is prone to argue the whole question from the basis of physical facts and theology has often attempted to carry its point by efforts to force capitulations of judgment, and conscience, too. But human history now has sufficient range to prove that the whole development, of man as a moral and intellectual being, and the development of human society as well, is only a process of evolution, and as religion in general, of which the Christian religion claims to be the fullest development yet reached, has in all ages been regarded as the greatest of human concerns, it too must unfold and develop by the law of man's growth. Every intelligent person of mature years, now living has witnessed striking proofs within his own lifetime of the "Evolution of Christianity. A lifeless religion Christianity would soon become in this age of intense activity without this power of unfolding to meet new conditions and new demands.

THE HARVEST

It is still too early to determine definitely what our grain surplus will be this year but there is reason to believe that it will be in the neighborhood of 250,000 tons, perhaps more, certainly not less. The work of harvesting is now well forward in the region east of the mountains, and about 2000 tons have already been received here. In quality this grain is fully equal to the famous yield of 188 while the quantity sails fair the highest expectations of the spring. The total surplus for export will not fall short of 150 000 tons and it may be much higher. It is thought that the excellence of this year's crop as regards quality will do much to remove the prejudice against Walla Walla wheat which exists in the Liverpool market. Samples now on the way, it is said will almost extinguish the difference which has always ruled between the produce of the Willamette valley and that of eastern Oregon and Washington. Besides the large foreign shipment from the Walla Walla country, there will be a considerable movement onward to western Montana. We learn that contracts have been made for delivery of wheat in large lots as far east as Helena and that there is likelihood of a steady future market in that direction.

In the Willamette valley harvesting work is progressing fairly well though it is not so well along as in the eastern country. Recent reports concerning the happy surprise of farmers as to the yield from their blighted fields are fully confirmed. The yield is at least a two-thirds crop and the surplus for export is expected to reach 100,000 tons. The quality is the usual Willamette valley grade. Excepting a few sample lots, no grain has yet been received here from the valley and it will be fully two weeks before a general movement this way will begin. The tonnage situation, upon which so much depends has not changed. Disengaged ships in the river and those on the way will afford about 120,000 tons before January 1. The demand for ships continues good elsewhere, and while there will of course, be additions to this list there is not likely to be a movement this year so great as to weaken rates. The difficulties on the Columbia and Willamette rivers will operate against our shippers in the matter of securing ships in competition with other places. There is now less than sixteen feet of water on St. Helens bar at high tide and every ship which comes to this port will have to lighter up and down. This is expensive and to loss and shippers will have to make up in advanced charter prices the extra charges and the cost of delay.

A CALL UPON PORTLAND

Within four weeks the Northern Pacific railroad will be completed. It may be assumed that cities of Portland see the necessity of making this city to manifest in a proper way its sense of the importance of the event. It would be lamentable were it otherwise. Portland's position is such as to turn all eyes upon her on this occasion. Till this great national enterprise brought her into notice she was almost unknown in the eastern states. Now, everybody knows Portland as the great objective point, in the west, of the Northern Pacific railroad.

To testify her appreciation of the importance of the great event soon to be celebrated is not only a duty Portland owes to herself, but it is an obligation due to the mighty enterprise which is to put her life into the northwest. We are to have now the communication so long and so earnestly desired. It will undoubtedly work great changes upon the country. It will connect a vast section hitherto isolated with the busy life of the older and other country. It will send the pulse-beats of a quickened activity through every artery of northwestern life. No place is likely to be more affected than Portland by this introduction of this new and powerful force, to which and through which there is possibility of magical transformation.

But it is a law of growth that the destiny of every city depends a great deal upon itself. There is as much difference between the residents of enterprise and of inertia in the case of a city as in the case of an individual. Energy, directed by intelligence in either case bears the palm. Portland has position, capital and actual need business. Her central situation, to which all lines of transportation and of business converge, or from which they all radiate, with the capital she commands or already employs in nearly all branches of industry and trade, gives her a rank which she can only by the ugh neglect on her own part to seize the new opportunities which the railroad era brings to the great northwest.

There is now a call upon Portland in her celebration of the completion of the Northern Pacific railroad and of the redemption of the great northwest from its isolation, she must do what will be worthy of her of herself and of the event. A call is made upon citizens to hold a meeting at the rooms of the board of trade for action to-day. A spirited response is the most urgent and necessary thing now required of the citizens of Portland.

AN ARMED PEACE

Count von Moltke is reported as saying that the expense of keeping Germany in readiness for war is trivial as compared with the loss she would suffer if attacked while unprepared for war. This is the theory upon which all the states of Europe continue to exhaust themselves through the fearful drain of constant military expenditures. On that shallow argument Germany must at a time of profound peace keep under arms year in and year out fully half a million men. Just some day there should be war. Russia must keep a million, France as many as Germany and so on. But the theory is false. It is not cheaper to keep a nation prepared for war, as preparation is now understood in Europe than to endure the destruction of war when it comes. No less the war can inflict not all the destruction and waste of war for one year is as costly as twenty years of prepa ation and peace. Germany has spent more since her l ss war with France to put herself in a pose on to make French revenge impossible than all France l st by the war, and it seldom happens that a war is so uninterruptedly unfortunate to the armies of one side as that war was. It is a generally recognized principle that a large expenditure that is made once for all and is then done hurts less than the comparatively smaller regular outlay that must be kept up for uncounted years, and this is the principle of this regular expenditure for war preparation in comparison with war losses. Great as were the expenditures of our own country during the civil war the aggregate is insignificant compared with the amount that would have been paid in maintaining an "armed peace" like that which exists in Europe. The worst of it is that a nation at last is not certainly add the war loss to the other expenditures, for preparation does neither present war nor guarantee victory.

St. Louis is agitated over a new Sunday law. The mayor of the city and the governor of the state are determined that the law shall be enforced whether the people like it or not. There has never been much regard for Sunday in St. Louis. The customs, traditions and morals of the old French founders of the city have been handed down to the present generations with little change in the outward form of Sunday observances at least. The saloons and the shops, places of amusement and entertainment, market places and the like have regarded Sunday as their best day and made the most of it. The saloon keepers have organized to resist the law, and there is no doubt but that they have a strong public opinion back of them which though not outspoken, would rather see them succeed in their fight than no.

Fear is expressed that this is but the first of a series of smoky seasons. The fires raging all over the country had their origin in the efforts of settlers to clear the land, and such efforts will not cease till the whole country is cleared. The number of homemakers increases each year and will continue to increase for many years to come. While it is true that settlers ought to be careful it is equally true that they will not axe during the hot weather of every summer hereafter. We are likely to be developed in a blue [illegible] smokeless clear. Of course it is not to be expected that all seasons will be as bad as the present one, which is the dryest ever known in the country.

When will the telegraph wires be restored across the Cascades in California? During most of the time for five days telegraphic communication has been interrupted by an incident which would not have been suffered to break the connection three quarters of an hour in any eastern state.

THE CATTLE BUSINESS

Concentration of Capital—Ranches of 500 000 Acres

Chicago letter in the Philadelphia Press.

One thing is plain the method of forming combinations and consolidating separate interests into a few hands which has characterized railroad and manufacturing interests east has taken almost entire possession of the stock business here. Six or the opening of the season the chamber of ranches sold out to a few powerful buyers is estimated at over 200 Such great corporations as the Swan Bros Gilchrist & Wilcox Range & Co and the Powder River Cattle company have absorbed a great many ranches, some of which have been regarded as very large and prosperous. Foreign capital is largely concerned in these transfers. For instance, it is well known that Mr Swan of the company first named above, has been but temporary manager for a syndicate possessing immense capital, resident in Edinburgh, which has purchased all the Swan bros' cattle for $2 600 000. The Powder river company as well with a capital of $ 00 000 has a directory composed of the Duke of Manchester, Lord Tweedmouth, Messrs Sutherland Bacon and other English gentlemen of wealth. These people have paid 50 per cent more for their cattle than they would have been asked twelve months since.

Then I saw here on the car a gentleman returning through here from Laramie who I was informed represented a large accretion of capital in the east. He had been to the Cheyenne and Arrapahoe agency Indian territory and purchased from the Cheyenne and Arrapahoe Indians 500 000 acres of grass land from each with the privilege of fencing. He was in some degree interested from the government, as the leases have yet to be approved by the secretary of the interior before they can be acted upon, and if all were smoothly transacted buildings would be put up at once. He claimed that the land at present was valueless to the Indians and his purchase would give almost every Indian in the whole tribe of the reservation an annual income of $10 apiece.

Even while I was writing I am informed authoritatively by a friend of the Swan Bros whom I mentioned just now as having called on the wealthy company from Edinburgh and Dundee Scotland that they (the brothers) have formed the Swan Land and Cattle Company in which Chicago and Milwaukee capital is largely invested. Their steers are the Standard Stock Company in North Cheyenne with a capital of at least $550 000. Pratt & Ferris, on the North Platte, worth about the same or more. The company just formed at the head of Running Water, in Wyoming, with an immense capital and finally the American Land and Cattle Syndicate organized a couple months ago at Kansas City.

This latter is now fast completing the details of its organization some of which will make trouble in the cattle business, or I am mistaken. It is a consolidation of capitals of great wealth and aims at the exclusive control of large districts in the south western territories. It will have branch offices in New York and London as well as Texas, its membership numbers at present about thirty Scotch capitalists, and associated owners in Kansas City. Both the United States branches from Kansas and the governor of the state are interested.

In the northwest it is not the same. The largest transactions in cattle ever made in this country barring one have just been made in Fort Worth and Gainesville Texas aggregating over 24,000. But I am not attempting to print a catalogue, only to show a ready. And in the most natural one in the world. What a change of one small rancher arrived at as a drover with the city of a question for which can answer his or Podunk has himself. It costs him little more to contract a large lot of cattle than a small one. Now $500 buys a cattle and [illegible] starting so far as $5 000. You've got to have about so many horses and such men and boys for the round up and branding. There's no proportion at all in the profit.

MARTIAL NOTICE.

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DALE WARNE 1st Ser

BORN.

Portland Aug 12 to the wife of Capt Chas H Wilcox a daughter; weight 10 pounds.

DIED.

Near Newby Clacka mas county, Mrs. Jane Fish wife of [illegible] aged about 65 years.

Scottish, Artistic Printers, Front cor Washington

NEW TO-DAY.

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A MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN DESIRES employment; is familiar with machine, pattern and foundry work. Address Draughtsman this office 1161

FOR SALE—2 BICYCLES IN PERFECT CONDITION; half of cost; one 56 inch nickel plated. Special Columbia, one 54 inch new 46, English machine. T. T. MERRELL, 25 First st, Portland Or 1162

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FOR SALE—120 ACRES LAND 10 MILES EAST of Woodburn station, O & C R R; all ready for [illegible] in cultivation; 60 acres small brush and [illegible] clear; 10 acres swamp land; balance timber. A bargain. Terms, [illegible] per acre. Call on H [illegible] Lot 4 Woodburn or at Hall & Wilcox's Salem Or Woodburn, Or Aug 1 1862 [illegible]

H. B. COVINGTON MACHINIST AND MODEL maker 93 Second st, bet A and B. Repairing sewing machines, locks, lawn mowers, bicycles etc. All work promptly attended to [illegible]

WANTS.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE AT ASTORIA.

ASTORIA Aug 13.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

A large and enthusiastic woman suffrage rally was held in this city during the past week, under the leadership of Mrs A B Duniway the chief editor of the New Northwest who seems determined to leave no upper story untried to make Oregon what she calls the banner state of the new dispensation.

The M E church which was opened for the forenoon meeting of the rally proved far too small to hold the crowd which assembled at Liberty Hall on the second evening. With the exception of the reception, Liberty Hall was filled during the entire evening. Many of the oldest inhabitants witnessed so gathering like it. Judge Deady and Vancouver are upon the platform with Mrs Duniway on the first evening, and followed the lady's eloquent pleasing and logical address with an eloquent argument replete with historic incidents aptly applicable as he proceeded to mention a present demand for recognition as to sovereignty with man as everything that pertains to the mutual interest of the sexes. He declared what he called the silly bombast of men who no opposite all the light positions under large and loyal protected to protect women by denying them equal opportunities for honorable competition in case examples of unpaid, cheap labor. Well [illegible] the efficient women [illegible] for a livelihood at the wash tub. And even his last channel of protective industry as said was now being monopolized by Chinese. Here also did the [illegible] to make a plea in the Union to accede to negro suffrage she could now assist courageously retaliate by boosting this first state to concede woman suffrage.

A chant of ladies and gentlemen rendered excellent music. Freeman Parker Esq a veteran California who is now visiting his boats one in this place followed with [illegible] and Miss Edith Coon a precocious child of seven summers gave sound practical illustrations of education.

The second evening brought out a very large assembly. After music by the [illegible] Mrs Duniway spoke for an hour, her subject "Woman's Exact Power as a Helpmeet," being an exceedingly refreshing review of what women have accomplished after their husbands had failed in most cases the logical sequences being that with equal assault the power to a talent could be [illegible] which has been allowed opportunity to expand would have prevented the failures which have frequently driven him to poverty and sometimes to the grave. She pleaded for rights in women's behalf for man, spoke as well as woman's, and concluded her argument by a stirring appeal to the voters of the state to place Oregon in the lead here. Her words were [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] place that once possessed will belong to her forever. Letters were read from Hon C W [illegible] and T A McBride, who though unable to leave their business are interested in the society to attend there by were in hearty sympathy with its aims and objects. The letter from Judge McBride was particularly stirring. He said in part: "Every argument I have ever heard against female suffrage is founded upon the assumption that woman is inferior to man. Now, I am not willing to forego this more pleasant duty of assisting during the evening in the great work of uplifting the enfranchised man's equal—the mother, the wife, the sister, the daughter of every man and mothers, whose moral power is nowhere else so badly needed as at the ballot box. The letter evoked the heartiest applause.

Mr O. Cutler was the next speaker. His argument, though brief, was pointed and telling, and the gentleman made many friends for himself and the cause before he left the platform.

Judge Toozes of Portland made the closing speech, holding the audience till a late hour by an amusing historical and logical address, in which he brought forward many startling facts and arguments and summed up much that had been said during the evening in his usual shape, making points at every turn in favor of woman suffrage, and concluding with a commentary upon the fairly impregnable position of women in the government, as the lessee have yet to be approved by the secretary of the interior before they can be acted upon, and if all were smoothly transacted buildings would be put up at once. He claimed that the land at present was valueless to the Indians and his purchase would give almost every Indian in the whole tribe of the reservation an annual income of $10 apiece.

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HELP WANTED.

WANTED—FIVE CARPENTERS WAGES $3.50 per day, 9 North First street, near Burnside. 1162

WANTED TWENTY RUSH MEN TO WORK in quarry at Rialto's on Sandy. Come at once at HOFMES Office stock foot of Washington st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS NURSE GIRL; also a German speaking Wagon. Apply 184 Washington and Park street. 1161

WANTED—TEN TO CAR ENTERS TO WORK on mills near Kalama; also three [illegible] to cut wood; apply to [illegible] Portland.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AT HAIR dressing at Mrs. Wharton's 84 Morrison. 1161

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping; also one furnished room; 167 First street, between Washington and Salmon. 1161

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS SUITABLE for two gentlemen. Also large front room, 167 First street, between Washington and Salmon. 1161

WANTED—GOOD TOOL SHARPENER. Apply at the hotel block Sixth and Morrison.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FIRST CLASS [illegible] to [illegible] on [illegible] terms [illegible] First street. 916

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER; also a front O & C R R. Married man preferred. Must have good references. Address [illegible] this office. 1161

WANTED—45 STONE MASONS A YEARS steady work to good workmen. Apply to HOFMES Office stock foot of Washington st.

CHINESE HOUSE SERVANTS PROMPTLY furnished. ANDREW KAN 8 Washington st. 233

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT by a first class steam engineer. Address Engineer Standard office.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—ACTIVE, WIDE awake smart men and women to canvass in our rapidly growing city. Call this week at 84 Second st. CROCKETT & CO, San Francisco Cal. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE BEST SELLING and cheapest paying book this coast. Address [illegible] & HOLDEN 16 Sansome st, San Francisco Cal. [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING ANY KIND OF A [illegible] throughout the country will find it to their advantage to call at 84 Second st. [illegible] Fifth and Taylor. Hand Printing Press 1182

PLATS, BUSINESS AND INVENTORS' AGENCY. Patents, Rights, Business Chances, Situations, Investments, Inventions, etc Room 11 Mason Block, Second and Washington. 1161

A YOUNG FARMER, MAN FACTURER OF THE [illegible] has removed until [illegible] 215 First st, Portland. Special Columbian grinding a specialty. Reasonable terms. If not well pleased ask nothing. [illegible]

LEE N CHUNG & CO HAVING PURCHASED of their interest to Ah Chung & Co the undersigned would continue the manufacturing of [illegible] and [illegible] underwear, laces, [illegible] silk handkerchiefs, Japanese goods, gents' and ladies' [illegible] Orders from the country receive prompt attention. AH CHUNG & CO 48 Fifth street, corner Alder Portland Or

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AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

H W [illegible] Manager

TUESDAY AND THURSDAY, Aug 14 and 16.

First appearance on the North Pacific Coast, and positively the last engagement of

REV HENRY WARD

BEECHER,

—THE—

World's Greatest Preacher and Orator.

LECTURE—Tuesday Evening, Aug. 21, SUBJECT

"EVOLUTION."

Reserved Seats, $2 00.

"The Moral Uses of Laughter and Beauty."

Admission $1 00. Reserved Seats 50c extra. Sale of reserved seats to commence at Loeb's Tuesday morning, Aug 14, at 9 o'clock. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Saturday and Monday at

NEW MARKET THEATER.

Friday and Saturday, August 17 and 18.

Last on Grand Matinee Saturday at 2 P M.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL

SURPRISE PARTY.

Shows engagement of the elebrated Artists

THE OSBORNES!

The great Electrifying Comedienne and Vocalist.

FANNY OSBORNE.

The Distinguished Comedian

HENRY OSBORNE.

In two Beautiful Comedies.

The Irish Lion. [illegible]

Old Oaken Stoke with [illegible]

Partners for Life [illegible] A J Rose
The Happy Pair [illegible] John Day
The Poison Pen [illegible] Ada S Stephens
Curfew Shall not Ring To Night [illegible] Wm H Lantz
Whisper and Be Heard [illegible] Harriet Rosen returns
The Pilgrim's Story [illegible] Wm H Lantz
Time Flies [illegible] John G Saxe
The Universal Prayer [illegible] Alexander Pope

Beautiful Domestic Sketch.

B. AND MRS. ROMPSON!

To be Followed by the

Fun in the Parlor!

In introducing the latest songs and representing French Jew Dutch, Scotch and Irish characters and a host of other [illegible] Admission [illegible] Reserved seats at [illegible] Matinee Saturday [illegible] Matinee Monday, reserved to Fanny Osborne Host of Talent.

1867 1883.

[illegible] & Co.

WHOLESALE

[illegible]

Portland Aug 11 1883 [illegible]

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT—BOOKKEEPER

BOOKS OPENED, BALANCED OR CLOSED by the week or month. Terms Reasonable. Address Box 1161 Portland Or.

BEER—THE FINEST BEER IN GOLD TO [illegible] at the [illegible] and [illegible] Restaurant on [illegible] street. [illegible] Portland Or Aug 11 1883 [illegible]

OREGON STANDARD SOAP WORKS. Having this day bought out R. Grube & Co of the Oregon Standard Soap Works, we take pleasure in informing our friends and the public that we will continue the business at the old stand on Front street between Salmon and Taylor, and will always have a full supply of Soap manufactured by the former proprietor. We thank you for your favor of the past and solicit a continuance of the same.

Portland Or Aug 11 1883 [illegible]

SCELL AUCTION SALE

OF

FINE HOSIERY, ETC.

We will sell at our salesroom No 42 First street

THURSDAY, AUG 16, 1883,

At 10 o'clock A M.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's Hosiery, Gloves, Merino Underwear, Ties, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Notions, etc. etc.

In Lots to Suit.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell at the Residence, No. 133 Montgomery st., bet. Fifth and Sixth sts.

ON WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1883,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

Brussels Carpets Ash Bedroom Suits, Spring Mattresses Hair Mattresses Lounges, Dining Table Dining Chairs, Ash Bedstead and Mattress Blankets, Feather Pillows, Sheetings, Whatnot, Oil Cloth, Stockers Bed Stock, Cook Stove and Kitchen Furniture, etc. etc.

ALSO

Good Cook Stove and Kitchen Furniture.

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

TO LET—ROOMS.

A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, [illegible] suitable for [illegible] 1162

TO LET—SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS, [illegible] Second st. 1162

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, [illegible] Second st. 1162

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, [illegible] Second st. 1162

ONE UNFURNISHED ROOM TO LET, [illegible] Second st. 1162

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, [illegible] Second st. 1162

THE PORTLAND BOARDING AND LODGING House, corner Fourth and Ankeny sts. Rates reasonable. Furnished rooms to rent by the week or month. Night lodgers accommodated. 1162

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, [illegible] Second st. 1162

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, [illegible] Second st. 1162

THE CHEMEKETA BOARDING HOUSE, [illegible] Second st. 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS AND BOARD—[illegible] North Fourth st. 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD—A FAMILY HAVING [illegible] Ash street, [illegible] 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD—[illegible] Second st. 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD—[illegible] Second st. 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD—[illegible] Second st. 1162

ROOMS AND BOARD—[illegible] Second st. 1162

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE [illegible] Ash street. 1162

FOR RENT—ONE ROOM [illegible] North Fifth st. 1162

FOR RENT—[illegible] Second st. 1162

FOR RENT—[illegible] Second st. 1162

FOR RENT—[illegible] Second

...OR AND DOMESTIC...

...GILMAN & CO.,
...and Commission Merchants
...Front St., bet. Pine and Oak.

...SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE
...eral Merchandise, Horses, Carts, &c.
...SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays.

...AR AUCTION SALE
OF
...HOLD FURNITURE
AND
...RCHANDISE.
...at our Salesroom, No. 43 First St.,
...AY, AUGUST 14, 1883,
...At 10 o'clock A. M.,
...at Walnut Bedroom Suit, marble top...
...Stair marble...
...room Suits, complete...
...room Stoves, refrigerator...
...ish Extension Tables; Walnut Chairs...
...kers, Mattresses, Mirrors...
...per and Cane Seat Chairs, Bedsteads, Carpets...
...ockware, &c. ALSO
...ery, with Bakery and Restaurant...
...account of whom it may concern.
...DBACCO and SNUFFS.
...GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

...P. J. O'CONNOR,
...r & Commission Merchant
...First and Flue.
...Thursday, Furniture & Mdse. sale...
...Must Invoice Sale...
...Accurate Sale.

...FECTS AND ENGINEERS.
...OWN, CIVIL ENGINEER
...traulic, bridge and general engineering...
...ering. Room 11, Ainsworth block, cor...
...Oak streets, Portland, Oregon.

...W. & T. H. OGILBEE,
...INEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
...Specialties given to Water Works...
...Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak...
...M. A. MACLEOD.

...OFER & HAMILTON,
...INEERING AND SURVEYING
...14, First National Bank.
...Portland, Or.
...Enclosing Surveyed for Wharves
...and Bulkheads

...MISSION MERCHANTS.
...& CO., COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS...
...Front St., Portland, Or.
...DONG & CO., SHIP BROKERS...
...ers merchants; agents for Columbia...
...) 36 North Front street.

...HITTEL & CO., COMMISSION
...and Forwarding Merchants, Portland...
...& REO., 89 FRONT & FIRST, Portland...
...erally produce exclusively.

...MMERCIAL LINE SHIPPING AGENCY...
...Commission Merchants, 10 Front st., Portland...
...& CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS...
...Front, cor. M. Front and D sts., Portland...

...& CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS
...to Wheat and Wool. No. 36 North...
...CHEK & CO. SHIPPING AND
...Merchants, 204 Front st., Portland, Or.
...&c., No. 87 Front and 84 Davis sts.

...OLESALE GROCERIES.
...& CO., WHOLESALE
...and N. Front street, Portland, Or.
...SOMERVILLE, WHOLESALE
...to, 88 Front st., Portland, Or.
...MACLAY, WHOLESALE GRO...
...Commission Merchants, 64 and 66 Front...
...& MASON WHOLESALE GRO...
...Commission Merchants, 80 to 86 F...
...rtland.
...ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GR...
...warding and Commission Merchant...
...Front Street Portland, Or.

...ALE BOOTS AND SHOES
...HERAB & CO., WHOLESALE
...Shoes. No. 26 Front st., Portland, Or.
...& CO., JOBBERS NOS. 1 AND...
...street, Portland, Oregon.

...OLESALE DRY GOODS.
...OSS & CO., FANCY DRY GOODS
...ery. No. 72 Front St.

...ARE, IRON AND STEEL.
...BRARY & CO., HARDWARE
...Blacksmiths' Coal, corner First and...
...Portland, Oregon.

...ODD & CO., 18 PORTERS AND JOB...
...ut, Flat and Round Stock, Portland, Or.
...AILING & CO., IMPORTERS AND
...s and 39 Front street, Portland, Or.

...ROBERTSON, IMPORTERS AND
...and 80 Fro nt street, Portland.

...JACKS AND CARRIAGES
...LIVERY AND HACK STABLE
...and Taylor sts. best rigs in the city...
...Front st., Portland, Or.
...VERY STABLE. EAST PORTLAND
...ages, buggies and harness; the best...
...reasonable rates. Telephone...

...AND FARM MACHINERY.
...REY & CO., No. 6 N. FRONT S...
...and R. importers and dealers in Agricultural...
...ne and Mill Supplies, Scientific...
...ments, Engineers' and Machinists' Tools...
...ENGINE, Jr. Agent, Salem, Or.

...WACKER, FRONT ST., FRONT...
...importers of Sugars, Coffees, Teas...
...Spices, Salt, Spanish Tobacco, Cigars...
...ish and Scotch Ales, Porter, &c.

...ODD & CO., MILLS AGENTS AND...
...and Reaper, Clinton Platt's Thresher...
...Reliable Vampire; Front, First, Flour...

...MAN & CO., MAKERS OF EXCEL...
...Cent Gold Medal Stoves, Ranges...
...Front st., bet. Oak and Ash sts.

...ER & CO., PLANING MILLS M...
...All kinds of planing mill machinery...
...Sts. Near Canal.

...TRELL & CO., WHOLESALE FAR...
...Agents for Bain Wagons. Corner...
...and Couch sts., Portland, Or.
...and Reapers, portable and stationary...
...and grind all machinery, rubber...
...Agents for Agricultural Chemicals...
...Ash Sts.

...OTHERS, NOS. 43 AND 79 FRONT...
...and Grain Dealers. Milling, also grain st...
...27. Woods M'f'g Co., Reapers and Mowers...
...Wagon, Moore Island Co. Super-Phosp...
...Agents for Portland, Or.

...NESS AND SADDLERY.
...E MANUFACTURER AND DEALER...
...and saddlery, spurs...
...Front st., bet. Taylor and Salmon...
...ON, IMPORTER AND MANUF...
...harness and saddlery, 201 Front, cor. Ta...

...E AND WAGON MATERIAL.
...& CO., SHELF AND HEAVY HARD...
...Front st., Portland, Or.
...ished 1856) deal exclusively in Carriage...
...Agricultural Hardware and Coal.

...GUNPOWDER.
...DD & CO., AGENTS CAL. POW...
...Front, First and Vine sts., Portland...
...FAILING & CO., AGENTS FOR...
...September. Stand 16 Front street.

...FRUITS AND NUTS.
...N, DEALER IN GRAPES, HOP...
...Fruits and Nuts of all kinds, 228 Front...

...Fidelity is the Life
...Fresh Belts cure disease...
...that treatment equal...
...the blood with Electricity...
...its power as a vitalizer...
...these Belts. This power...
...is not only restores the debilitated...
...organism at first health, but it...
...the cleansing of the system, especially...
...It grapples with disease...
...to the very roots of life, and...
...and thus eradicating health and vig...
...Electric Belt is worn during the...
...discrimination through the body...
...in an instant by the patient.
...ECTRIC BELT" is the name...
...Electric Belt. Pamphlet...
...Electric Belt Co., 208 Montgomery...
...Francisco, Cal.
...Electric Belts is different kinds, and...
...Diseases. Write or name and age...
...BELT CO., 208 Montgomery st., S. F.

...ROWN'S CELEBRATED
...Shipment of the Celebrated
...CERMOTT HAM
...a guarantee supporter to any in the...
...ket, and offer to the Trade of the...
...ERY LOWEST PRICES.
...F. S. LARRIN & CO.,
...Sole Agents, Portland, Or.
...to Nos. 112 and 116 Front st.

...TAXPAYERS OF MULTNO...
...Notice is hereby given that on the...
...of August, 1883, the Board of Equal...
...the office of the County Clerk of...
...County for the year 1883, and over...
...tion and description of property...
...ory. All complaints for correction...
...assessment of property must be...
...ment of said board.
...W. SANDERS,
...for Multnomah County, State of Oregon.
...dated 7, 1883.

...ONS
...The largest stock of...
...Arms in the world...
...now offered at...
...Wholesale and...
...Shooting Jackets...
...best hunting pa...
...WM. BECK & SON, 104 Second st.

The Morning Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 14, 1883.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, AUG. 13, 7 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height above sea level	Barometer reduced to sea level	Wind Direction	Wind Force	State of Weather
Portland	50.04	.02	Calm	0	Clo'dy
Olympia	39.03	.02	Calm	0	Clo'dy
Walla Walla	39.03	.02	NW	3	Clear

Maximum temperature, 74; minimum temperature, 60.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

Gilman & Co. will at salesroom house, at 10 A. M.

CITY.

LAW ABSOLUTELY INOPERATIVE.—"What are the terms of the whisky case?" is a question often frequently asked upon the streets not only by the respectable element of this city who would like to see the laws executed, but also by the keepers of the low saloons, who have paid the license and have been defrauded by the competition of unlicensed or irresponsible dives. Deputy Sheriff Geddes and "Ted" Tay ne. The latter is a hard one to answer. "Dick" Pope is the law's compellman, and by a judicious use of the persuasive influence he is conducting the cases not yet disposed of in the obnoxious law I angling, and his assistants are also busily engaged in the same line under it absolutely inoperative. It certainly appears that the law, at least in the unlicensed saloon cases, is a dead letter. The sheriff and the police, acting under instructions from the common council, make no effort to close the open saloons, and in accordance with the advice of those counsel in the courts that is very easy to do, the case of the city of Portland vs. Oliver Sesson was made a test and is now pending in the circuit court from the decision of Police Judge Moreland. The jury decided that the law should be sustained and the bigoted dealer pay a fine, but while the case was pending several weeks ago. At the last session of the court the defendant's attorneys appeared, and by the usual ammunition of delay, motions, &c., and strict interpretation of the arguments, &c., and strict interpretation of the law, kept it under advisement almost, if not entirely, until the present term of court. The gentle reader, you know just as much about it as we do.

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...Daily Oregonian.

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JURY, RENT AND BAR.

OREGON CITY, Aug 16, 1862.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

Causes that brought about the shooting of Dolze have their effect upon the people generally. According to the effect is the cause denounce or approved by the public. The public, as such, is a thing that is sometimes with much and then again with it is cause easily worked upon. Often times it is customs are taken advantage of to denounce and ridicule a system or an institution, without knowing the cause of the wrong complained of, and without coupling cause with effect. I might say, almost ten-fold cases. But then the question is now to be asked, "What is the proper use?" The proper use of anything is that for which reason and experience have taught us to use the best, and are generally use a thing best when we use it for the purpose for which it was designed. Now then, for what was the jury designed?

1. To arrive at and decide disputed facts.

2. To place upon the people a fair and responsible responsibility for the enforcement of justice and the maintenance of government.

The jury is in a sense the exercise of sovereignty by the people. It brings the government directly home, as it were, to the people. It makes them locally co-ordinate branches of the governing system, and you can't separate the jury and the judiciary without destroying a link in the chain of republicanism. All laws and the other cities, as a matter of course. I have read several articles has been written on juries, and some fairly with more satisfaction than that appearing in The Oregonian from Judges Deady and Barr.

I can, however, only agree with these gentlemen a part.

Much that has been complained of concerning the "jury" can, I think, with much reason be laid to the fault of the "bench and the bar."

There is always another side, and I now be to call attention thereto. That other side I as to faults and in deserving of attention. Years of experience as a private practitioner, prosecuting officer and judge have brought me face to face with the workmanship, wrongs and corruption on both sides. But it is only when this workmanship, wrongs and corruption is made public that my sentiments become indignant, and read recur in bad to that "higher law." It has often occurred to me, when such occasions arise, would it not be well to have the people, that is either the great lawyer, a judge and a jury, at the same time in town, make their acquaintance? Have no acquaintance with matters subjected to the consideration of the jury, the solemnity of character that were among the causes of its creation, and the formal and proper of justice by a jury. Knowledge of human nature, and the ability to read the countenance of a witness is absolutely necessary for a lawyer

...LWARD AND STEAMSHIP CO.

...O. R. & N. CO.

...P. C. S. S. CO.

NOTICE.

FOLLOWING CHANGES WILL ... in sailing dates of Ocean Steamers:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO	...	FROM PORT ...
...urday	...	...
...day	...	Oregon, Wednesday
...day	...	State, Saturday
...Friday	...	Columbia, Tuesday

...dication will be given of any further ... printed time card.

A. L. STOKES, Asst. Supt. of T...

NOTICE.

...Railway & Navigat... Co.

...AND

...ico Steam Navigation Co.

...CURS ON TICKE...

...ave been placed on sale as follows:

...nd to Astoria and Re...

...d to Lwaco and Ne...

...75. Tickets good to return until Sep. ...

ALSO

Single Trip Tickets, Portland to Seaside Landing. Fare, $3 50.

WIDE WEST leaves Portland daily at 8 A. M., arriving at Astoria at 1 P. M., connecting with steamer for Ilwaco. Returning, leaves Astoria at 2 P. M., arrives at Portland at 7 P. M.

...ng, steamer leaves Ilwaco at 9:30 A. M., arrives at Astoria at 11:30 A. M., connecting with Wide West, leaving Astoria at 12 M., arriving at Portland at 6:30 P. M.

...eside and Grimes Isl...

WIDE WEST arrives at Astoria at ... morning and after ... which is ... to receive passengers and ... Seaside or Skipanon Landings, ... P. M. Additional trips ... Monday, ... for the hotels ... arriving there ... leaves Seaside at 8:30 ... with "WIDE WEST" ... Portland at 5:30 P. M.

...ORGE, JOHN MUIR, ... Supt. of Traffic.

...GERS, J. H. D. GRAY, ... Gen'l Agent. 143 and 145 ... Ast., Hawthorne Bldg.

...on Railway and Navi... Co...pany.

MAIL DIVISION.

...after July 22, 1883, trains will run as ... Ainsworth dock, Portland, at 7:30 A. M., ... trains at Albina at 7:10 A. M., connecting ... tion at 9 P. M. Walla Walla at 6 P. M., ... at 8:30 P. M. Wallula, arrive at ... and Portland at 5:55 P. M.

...Pennsylvania Trains run daily ... Junction for points on Northern ...

...h Sleeping Cars between Portland ...

...E COLUMBIA RIVER, DIVIS...

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

...ves Portland for Dalles at 7 A. M., ... at Portland from Dalles at 7 P. M.

...AND ... DAILY, EXCEPT WEDNESDAY.

...e Wide West leaves Portland at 5 A. M., ...ves Astoria at 1 P. M.

...ves at Portland received on board the ...

ATSO

	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
...land					
...Lower	... A M	8 A M	8 A M	8 A M	8 A M
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... C.	5 P M	5 P M	5 P M	5 P M	5 P M
...	11 M	11 M	11 M	11 M	11 M

...ARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE.

...WEEN PORTLAND AND ... via O. & C. R. R. to Woodburn.

...ed either Way Each Trip. ... for Albany and Corvallis at 7:30 A. M., Wednesdays and Fridays.

WEST SIDE.

...RTLAND, SHERIDAN AND ... via O. & C. R. R. to Whited ...ed Sunday A. M. Returning, ... and at Whited at 1 P. M.

...for all points on Narrow Gauge Divis... and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R. ... Side Division, connections ...

...l Office—Cor. Front and ... Sts.

...RDCOTT, JOHN ... ...ident. ... Manager.

...ent. C. E. ROGERS, ...ger. Supt. of Traffic.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.

...THERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

WESTERN DIVISION.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

...Leaves Ar... A. M. Arrive at Nan... P. M.

New Tacoma at 7:45 A. M. Arrive at Kalama at ...

Connections.

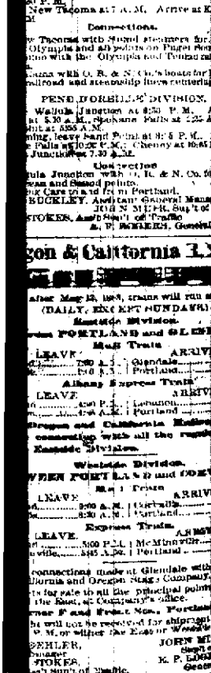
...At Tacoma with Sound steamers for Fu... Olympia and all points on Puget Sound. ...tion with the Olympia and Tenino railroad.

...Kalama with O. R. & N. Co.'s boats for Portland and all points above connecting at ...

...PEND, DORSEY & CO., ...

Wall St., Cor. Front, Portland, Or.

...ers by mail will receive prompt ...



...CTRIC BELT, or Suspensory ... only for the cure of a ... of the ... Debility of the ... from the ... ...ness, ...ness, ...ness,

H W B

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING AUG 13, 1868.

THESE DEGENERATE DAYS

It is a common notion that political life is now much more corrupt, than in earlier times Many economists are bestowed upon political life as it was "in the purer and better days of the republic," when rings lobbyists politicians, jobs and jobbers were not To large numbers the thought never occurs that this is a picture of the imagination Corrupt as political life now is, it is actually purer than it was in those "better days." Then there are more opportunities for wrong doing now, but there is also more watchfulness Upon every phase and movement of political and official life a fierce light now beats and beats incessantly Nothing can hope to escape it, Of this there are two consequences First, wrong doing is diminished, and second all or nearly all the wrong doing that exists or occurs becomes known No malfeasance, misfeasance or nonfeasance can hope to escape exposure and denunciation

When it is noted that around every legislative body there is a crowd of lobbyists this remark is often made that in those better days it was not so. Perhaps it is well to feel that there was a time when legislation was free from undue influence and corrupt solicitation, since it may keep before the mind an ideal good which there should always be an effort to approach, but, in fact, the notion that representative government, since its development as the sovereign power has ever been free from it, is a delusion which any inquiry into history will dispel. Not to go to British parliamentary history for proofs and illustrations we may find more than enough to establish the point in the early history of our own congress in those self same purer and better days of the republic Upon the very foundation of our government and even during the administration of the father of his country, undue influences were brought to bear on members of congress, and members of the administration and if the scandals pertaining thereto do not produce the stir throughout the country that more recent scandals have done, it was simply because few people in those days could find such things out. Shortly after the commencement of the present century a senator from Ohio was expelled for corrupt practices which seem to have been proven against him and at more or less frequent intervals ever since, congress the capitol and the country have been startled by allegations, and often by proofs, of corruption against prominent officials. Many of the most widely known men of the time, if tradition speaks truly, were in the pay of the English tariff lobby in 1824 and the succeeding years Many readers of the present day will still remember the great "Gardner frauds" in connection with claims growing out of the Mexican war, and the seemingly substantiated statements that a secretary of the treasury had profited by the swindle. The Gardner scheme had a prodigious lobby behind it. Again about thirty years ago there was a most powerful lobby in the interest of the Collins steam ship line. Its operations, if repeated now would be deemed most scandalous and disgraceful to the whole nation A great steamship gorgeously fitted up, and said to have cost upward of $1 000 000, was sent to Washington and for two days a most lavish entertainment was furnished to members of congress members of the cabinet and influential politicians Even the president himself was present These incidents though many others might be collected will serve to show the corruption about the capital is not a practice exclusively of these later and supposed degenerate days

Again as to social and official scandals which often run together and are parts often give and nasty whole, where in these later times has there been anything comparable to the "affair of Mrs Eaton in Jackson's day? Margaret O'Neill was the pretty daughter of a tavern keeper in Georgetown. At an early age she married a man named Timberlake, a purser in the navy After a few years he died it was believed by suicide. Stories derogatory to his wife's good name were reported to have been the provocation of the rash act. After a little time she married Mr or Eaton of Tennessee a close friend of Gen Jackson. Eaton was soon afterwards elected senator from Tennessee, and a few weeks later by reason of Jackson's partisanship, friendship, to which the same quality in Gen Grant bears a remarkable resemblance, Eaton was made secretary of war. But the ladies of the cabinet refused to call on Mrs Eaton. President Jackson took the matter up in her behalf, resolved to force her social recognition The cabinet was divided into two opposing factions and the line of division stretched down, as a recent review of her life states it, through both houses of congress and extended throughout the entire country. On one side there was every effort to excite Mrs Eaton, and on the other to her honor. It was a "case" almost or quite as famous as "parallel" among all the social position scandals and scandals that have ever occurred. In this case up he cabinet, as Gen Jackson finally made recognition of Mrs Eaton in highest social position street of Mrs Eaton and it favor with the administration Mr Van Buren's most smooth and politic of men by the address and success with which he promoted the president's wishes in the matter, earned his lasting gratitude and support, and to this circumstance Van Buren actually owed his election to the presidency as the next successor to Jackson It would be impossible now to see a case at Washington a social drama like this, with its absurdities and scandals. The land would ring with it, and the actors in it for decency if not for shame, would be forced to hide their heads. The history of the affair is an incident among many others which shows that the proprieties of public life at the national capital were not so fully regarded in former times as most critics of the present day are accustomed to represent The comparison on the whole is in favor of the later administration

The vigilance and activity of the press now keep before the public mind a record which creates the impression that political and official life is exceptionally corrupt in these days The difference is real, there is publicity now where formerly it was wanting Every newspaper keeps its agents upon the watch with instructions to report everything fully by telegraph Formerly it did not occur to the public that jobbers and lobbyists were a work now the public every day turns up with the names of those "operators" and well detailed account of the schemes they have in hand The old observation that their worst heroes before Agamemnon but that their names have perished because there was no poet before Homer may be modified to meet this case There were jobbers, lobbyists, proprietors and the whole modern gang of courtiers and corruptionists, long ago, but it is only within comparatively recent times that means have existed for spreading before the whole people everything attempted, and or done every day

The suggestions with reference to the pioneer's excursion made by Mr S C Adams in a communication which we print to-day as a practicable thing It seems to us that Mr Adams' plan would operate to the advantage of both the railroad company and the pioneers However as the offer of a special rate to pioneers is purely complimentary, it seems a little greedy to insist upon terms, which we do not understand Mr Adams to do. It is to be hoped, however, that Mr Villard will make some modification of his offer which will suit the convenience of the pioneers who expect to avail themselves of his generosity at this time.

In California there are 222,846 school children Of these 68,061 are in San Francisco The amount of school fund distributed this year is $800,000.

THE EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS

Many school districts throughout the county are engaging teachers for the coming year or for the fall term, and there is on the part of applicants great anxiety with reference to the examination for certificates Our system of examining teachers is fundamentally wrong As applicant is given a list of questions to be answered without the opportunity of investigation, and if he fails on a specified low per cent of the list the right to teach in the state schools is denied As a rule, the questions are technical ones, upon which even thoroughly scholars and experienced teachers may trip Words there is no examination with reference to the broad qualifications which may be of greater importance in a teacher than an off hand knowledge of formulas. In fact, an off hand knowledge of rules is not one of the important qualifications for successful teaching The teacher with books always before him does not need an exact knowledge of rules but rather the strong understanding of general principles with tact for explaining them clearly The text-books supply the technical rules, just as a mother may be able to teach her child very clearly that it is wrong to tie her shoe-herself knowing the chapter and verse or even the exact words of the express command as an instructor may be able to teach clearly the various school branches without that ready and minute knowledge which will enable him to secure a high grade certificate Our system seems to be designed to find out what the applicant does not, rather than what he does, know In this effort, apparently the questions which applicants must answer are kept profoundly secret The gauntlet must be run blindfolded This sort of examination often lets in the glib smart Aleck and rejects the scholar. In its stead we should have an examination devoted to general principles and the applicant should be allowed to know in advance just what is required of him The general intelligence and tact or their lack, contained in his answers should have weight in determining his qualifications This system would require better examiners than are usually employed, but fortunately such are fully available

C. H. CLATSOP PLAIN

The first agricultural settlement in Oregon, we believe, was on Clatsop Plains, just south of the entrance to the Columbia river From the pioneer town of Astoria a few settlers found their way to the stretch of rolling prairie by the ocean, and from that time till now it has been the seat of a fairly prosperous agricultural industry. Clatsop Plain is about twenty miles long, north and south, and varies in width from one to two miles Its soil is a light loam and sand, easily cultivated and highly productive Its climate is the ordinary climate of western Oregon in winter, with a constant moisture in summer, which keeps its pastures always green Everywhere it is well watered and timber in abundance borders the eastern margin The chief industry of Clatsop Plain is that of butter and cheese manufacture Its excellency in the world are the conditions for dairying more fortunate than here An unfailing verdure, a cool and equable climate, rich native grasses abundance of pure fresh water nearness to market, all the conditions are here in perfection and all made highly valuable by constant demand and high prices for dairy products But with all these advantages, Clatsop Plain is only fairly prosperous It could easily support fifty times for every one which now grazes upon it Satisfied with the people live along in a quiet way and allow the finest opportunities to pass unimproved An infusion of enterprise into the strip by the sea would make it one of the richest localities in Oregon

Dorsey makes a further pretender revelation trying to stain the name of Garfield with dishonor It really makes little difference what a thief inspired by malignity and seeking revenge may say From Dorsey's own statement it is to be inferred that he was an active and trusted agent in all the iniquities he now professes to reveal Even if his story were true to the letter, it would be about as estimable a person as Corey the Irish informer or Cassidy of Dayton W T The main part of his story in so far as it relates to Garfield, is the accusation that Stanley Matthews was appointed to the supreme bench in pursuance of a corrupt bargain—a story that no one could possibly accept as true Think of any candidate for the presidency compromising himself by such a bargain! The supposition is simply impossible As for money for the campaign doubtless a good deal was raised. Both parties do as much of that sort of thing as they can No doubt the Democrats had more of it in 1876 when Tilden was their candidate than in 1880 when Hancock was their candidate. They are now talking of taking Tilden again chiefly for the reason that he could put money into the contest Nothing could be more reprehensible than the conduct of both parties in this particular, but probably it will ever be useless to protest against it Certainly no one expects that either party in the coming Presidential contest will let any chance slip of getting all the money it can and putting it where it will do the most good Ideal simplicity and purity unfortunately are not the controlling forces of our politics Were they so and had they been the scheme of buying a Republican election in Oregon in 1876 would not have been attempted Dorsey would not have been in Indiana in 1880 with a corruption fund and Hoadly would not have expended $50 000 to get his nomination in Ohio a few weeks ago

Arrangements are now nearly complete for beginning the work of sluicing out St. Helens bar The caliber Walla Walla which has been on loading here for several days, is expected to go down to-morrow and operations will begin as soon as anchors, etc., can be placed The width of the bar is 1200 feet and it is proposed to swash a channel twenty feet deep at low water, 200 feet wide at the upper end and 150 feet wide at the lower end. For this work the government will pay $2500 and the board of trade $1500. The cost of the work will be about double this amount and it will be assumed by the O R & N Co Before the arrival of the Northern Pacific party the difficulties of the St Helens bar will have been overcome

In accepting the grand marshalship of the demonstration to be made here upon the completion of the Northern Pacific, Gen Morrow has taken a great burden upon himself This our people ought to appreciate He can have no possible personal interest in the affair but a legitimate purpose, and accepts side of its is rely as a compliment to the citizens of Portland There should be perfect willingness to respond to the demand. All societies and all branches of industry should turn out without waiting to be urged The demonstration ought to be the most imposing and the most representative which the northwest has ever seen

The Philadelphia Times characterizes McDonald's presidential prospects as a lost previous boom McDonald spent he best part of last winter in Washington developing his boom, but succeeded in "setting up" in his interest a good many leading democrats principally free traders Buy a few goods from the old ticket hands have let the air out of the McDonald bubble and it has gone where the woodbine twineth Silly old Sammy will have no "setting up" behind his back whether he wants a place for himself or for some one else

The earnings of the Northern Pacific during the month of June last were $464 for each mile of completed road. Compared with the earnings of such roads as the Illinois Central—$676—and of the Chicago Milwaukee and St Paul—$447—the showing is quite remarkable The Pennsylvania earned $2018 per mile and the Philadelphia & Reading $1402 In the southern states there are few roads whose earnings were over $500 for the month

Congressman Blackburn of Kentucky, he of the sanguinary type of statesman has a great programme in store for the next Congress." He will insist on cutting down the tariff one-half, abolishing the internal revenue system entirely and reducing public expenditures to the lowest possible ebb He also wants $25 000 000 for improving the public schools of the South and full appropriation for the Mississippi river

The decline in the Villard stocks is a job being scheme, of course and Gould is at the bottom of it There can be no possible business reason for the decline The earning capacity of the North-ern Pacific already very great is about to be greatly increased by the completion of the lines while its "backing of lands soon to be fully earned, is becoming more valuable each month

William E. Gladstone, during the war for the Union invested £20 000 in confederate bonds Mr Gladstone has always figured as a friend of the Union, but he couldn't have prayed very hard for northern success after he got those bonds

It is not probable that Dorsey's amended fabrication will obtain a more credit than his original ones

THE PIONEERS' EXCURSION

To the Editor of The Oregonian

In taking up the Northern Pacific railroad in its then paralyzed condition and prosecuting that gigantic enterprise to successful completion Mr Villard has exhibited the ability of generalship, far more worthy of praise and honor than that of the celebrated and bloody warriors of history Instead of carrying desolation and ruin and death in all parts of the land did he but expend of a portion of the money of commerce of industry and of wealth The benefits and blessings of this great enterprise will be reduced to the pittance of Oregon, and to their children after them as much as to the contributors of this great and expensive work But suppose we will fully equal to that of those who crossed the plains with wives or sent to find a new home on better their condition in the wilds of Oregon As pioneers in the respective departments they stand upon an equal footing The obligation of the one are balanced by the obligations of the other No other party should assume the position of attorney to the other But, as I understand it, Mr Villard desires to act on honorable favor to the early pioneers of Oregon

The pioneers do no supplicate a privilege as mendicants but the free general and liberal manner desires to exhibit his recognition the toil and sacrifice of the first settlers, by extending to them a special privilege which would be creditable to the one and gratefully acceptable to the many, of free passage over the great road, or at reduced rates was it to be a very natural way of extending such favor But a favor surrounded with embarrassing or annoying conditions, is no favor, and is unacceptable to me I would much rather not go at all than be compelled to go on a visit when I am not ready, or have no desire at just that time to go That both of these accompanying conditions for a desirable visit to the states will be pressingly attached by and at any one date with the pioneers of Oregon is absolutely impossible With a very small per cent of such encumbrances these conditions will be favorable, and they will enjoy the trip but with the majority, and who will go to get the benefit of the reception at which they were then not quite ready nor very anxious, the trip will be a disappointment and source of regret But neither of these classes will not represent a fifth of the old pioneers on Oregon whose circumstances do not permit them to go when the time arrives, but who will go at a designated time and though just as deserving of a cordial welcome and favor their claims and opportunity is forever barred

The road has no way to pay this, while I have no desire to dictate or complain in the least I cannot but think that if Mr Villard had been pleased and disposed to extend a complimentary invitation to the worn out pioneer of Oregon that something like the following would have been highly creditable to and not more expensive to him and for many a factory to the purchaser Let him select such year as he be pleased (say 1850) prior to which the land grants should be regarded as pioneers or let him accept those as pioneers that the association has accepted as such and then let him announce that all such pers as who should present a certificate of membership of the Pioneers Association could obtain a return ticket from Portland for offer per cent, or one quarter one-third or two-thirds fare as he might designate at any time before the 15th This would have required no extra train and as the trains will be running so continuously it would have involved no extra power to the company whatever Each pioneer could go by immigrant or by express as the truth, according to his means or could go when he was ready and in the option which would give to the trip all its pleasure and all its satisfaction

This proposition is as fair and honorable to both parties and would well repay in gratifying and handsome reasoning conditions that are meant in the best of feeling and would go a long ways to adjust our relations before the all got at the full rates or on the long general trip to more than take up the cost of the company to the pioneers of here And they would give two such fives of tens so that no extra cash extra expense to the company was the require Who is humble he will not be compelled to do it, the press are intended for preferring to pay all fare at such time as we may want it and can enjoy it I trust to the possibilities of Prince experiences a very true picture of Oregon will never hold its name and great a life of Henry Villard in most kindly and grateful remembrance

Salem Aug 14 1883 C. ADAMS

CATHOLIC SEMINARIAN

Mr John Cuss of St Mary's Theological Seminary Baltimore Md says of ac having suffered months with piles after been cured of the disease and having tried everything that a medical talent could suggest will soon relief the pain cure of Ayers Cure was recommended and it cured him

The Echo Oliver Ames has picked out his place on the Massachusetts ticket He will be lieutenant governor or nothing

ELKTON Ky.—Dr E E Weathers says I regard Brown's Iron Bitters as a medicine of unusual worth

MARRIED

At Skamokawa W T Aug 7 Mr Clark J Andrews son of Wash Clarke a county to Lowra Oliver of Columbia County

Seward, Artemus Petroleum, Frost our Washington

NEW TO-DAY.

GIRL WANTED—AT 208 TAYLOR, CORNER of Lownsdale.

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN a private family J B, Oregonian office

A GOOD BELL ABLE GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children Apply at No 73 South Front st.

WANTED—A BOY ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS old Calls "ON First st C CATER.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in a small family Apply at 194 Ninth st corner Lincoln

WANTED—9 OR 10 GOOD AMBITIOUS BOYS to sell CHEMICAL SOAP Apply at 194 Ninth st corner Lincoln

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A WOOD WORKER and a BUSTING Scarfing Planer Match and Moulder Address J. Oregonian office

WANTED—A COTTAGE OF ABOUT FIVE rooms for gentleman and wife in desirable location Address J W this office

WANTED—A SMALL SAFE OR GOOD AS second hand Address SAFE KEEPER this office

LOST—A DARK-RED IRISH SETTER DOG a PUP about two months old from vicinity of Portland and Stark streets A liberal reward will be paid to the finder on returning to Gem Saloon

FOR SALE—PARE CHOICE BUSINESS LOTS on Russell and Rodney sts Albina (Mon money) property is not assessable Prices on easy terms apply to JOHN M PINGER If you don't know where he is inquire of somebody

FOR SALE—NINE ENGLISH BREECH LOADing shotgun compartment case apply at 115 first st loading and reloading tools, muzzle and breech pads perfect new—$45, cash Gun, Oregonian office

ALBINA PROPERTY FOR SALE—LOT 10 IN block 8, corner of Albina This property is located for business purposes For sale cheap on 86 North First street Portland

VALUABLE MANUFACTURING PROPERTY for sale or to lease will be leased up to suit tenant for the mill property of the Mutchellah Log Co in Seattle W T either for sawing or shingle mill purposes, 500 feet 1 water front 300 feet in depth with two brick buildings and machinery complete for Barrel Manufactory Also 30 inches Water Rights For particulars inquire at office of Company Steamboat wharf, near foot of Ninth San Francisco Cal AUGUST DENKER Secretary Seattle W T

Holy Angels Boarding School

For Boys under 14 Years of Age.

Among the Sisters of Charity Vancouver W T will receive and wash and mend for boys at the rate of $5 per month

This institution resumes studies Monday Sept 1868 and offers every facility for a thorough education Terms moderate For information address MOTHER SUPERIOR

FOR OYSTERS IN THE SHELL, CHOICE AND large, go to Bergen's BEER GARDEN, Water street between Washington and Stark

A GIRL WANTED—TO DO HOUSEWORK AND a small family Inquire at 360 Twelfth street between Couch and Davis

TO ACCOMMODATE PUBLIC WANTS—WE have contracted not to limit our arrangements for direct marketing until the year 1869 Families can have their orders filled at their residences by leaving their address at our office Orders received for delivery of new additions to our city limits will be promptly filled Respectfully HOGAN LAWRENCE & CO 1 AN

PENNOCK'S INSTITUTE—SHORT-HAND and Penmanship Thorough lessons In this age a knowledge of short-hand is an absolute necessity Also thorough instruction in ornamental and white penmanship Lessons nightly, Monday and Thursday Terms moderate Call or address W. G. CHILLY, Teacher 235 Fifth st—P O Box 1283

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General Conveyancers, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds for all the States and Territories including the District of Columbia 20 Stark st, Portland, Or.

WAGON MAKERS and BLACKSMITHS WANTED—Four journeymen wagon makers and one first class blacksmith Will sell or lease the following property in Turner Marion county Or Wagon Shop 100 by 40 and 24 feet high with shop an tools These shops are in a good location Also a neat and convenient dwelling house and lot of land in Turner Or

NEW TO-DAY.

HERE WE ARE!
HERE WE ARE.
HERE WE ARE!

HARRY C. BOYD,

E A POST.

Having assumed the General Agency of Oregon for the well known "FIDELITY and CASUALTY ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO" we are now prepared to write policies for from one day to one year, at our office, No 8 Mark street, near the ferry landing. Parties taking a trip for a few days can get tickets at 25 cts. per day in a few moments while waiting for the ferry, said tickets entitling them to $5,000 insurance in case of death and $25 per week for disablement. These non-forfeiting claims in our policies is superior to any other Accident Policy issued, and we guarantee our patrons prompt settlements in case they are so unfortunate. Our able corps of assistants are prepared to wait on customers, giving them all necessary information and enabling them to procure against future casualties.

BOYD & POST

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BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

The agency of this Bank in Portland will be

CLOSED ON THE 15th AUGUST

All drafts on and deposits receipts of said agency will be paid on presentation at the Bank of British Columbia Portland 15d1

LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK, LIMITED.

Capital $2,190,000 00
Reserve $480,000

Head Office, 32 Old Broad st., London.

This Bank transacts a general Banking and Exchange business, makes loans, discounts bills and issues commercial and travellers credits available in any city in the world.

Portland Branch corner Third & Oak Sts

W MACKINTOSH Manager

IT IS WELL

THAT HOUSEWIVES SHOULD KNOW THAT A CREST MANY ARTICLES OF DAILY USE CAN BE BOUGHT AT THE GOLDEN RULE BAZAR, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ELSEWHERE

FOR INSTANCE A GOOD SCRUBBING OR SHOE BRUSH CAN BE HAD FOR 10 CENTS A LARGE REGULAR TWO DOLLAR DINNER FOR $1 A DOZEN LINEN NAPKINS FOR 8 CTS AWFUL COMFORTER TABLE FOR 35 CTS A TIED CAGE FOR 50 CTS, LUBIN'S EXTRACTS FOR 25 CTS CASHMERE DOUCET SCARF FOR 25 CTS AND HUNDREDS OF OTHER ARTICLES IN PROPORTION AS LOW CLOSING OUT BANKRUPT SALE NOW AT THE GOLDEN RULE BAZAR, 208 FIRST ST, BETWEEN YAMHILL AND MORRISON

AS HE CLEAR LOW PRICES OR FIRST CLASS GOODS

THE SAME PRINCIPLE DISTINGUISHES EACH OF OUR MANY DEPARTMENTS BE IT IN FANCY GOODS SILVERWARE CUTTERY CLOCKS NOTIONS OR DRY GOODS IT ONE PRICE THAT THE LOWEST BEYOND ALL COMPETITION AND GOOD HONEST ARTICLES

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THE A FIRST CLASS CLIPPER SHIP

S. R. MEAD

Will be ready to receive freight on the 20th inst and for which the ship will have quick dispatch For freight or passage apply to

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THE NEW AND ELEGANT A 1 FIRST CLASS STEAMER

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FOR TILLAMOOK!

Steamer GEN. MILES

Leaves Astoria for Tillamook

ON WEDNESDAY, AUG 26, 1868,

at 6 o'clock A M.

Returning will leave Garibaldi on P M

For particulars inquire of C. H. BERG & BAIR Astoria, Portland, C. H. DOLPH, TILLAMOOK, Tillamook County, or on board of

J H D GRAY Agent

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OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell at the Residence No. 111 Mount Tabor st., bet. 10th and Sixth sts.

ON WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1868,

at 10 o'clock A M

Brussels Carpets Antique Bedroom Suit Parlor Mattresses Hair Mattresses Lounges Dining Table Chairs Wash Stands Bureaus Mirrors Pictures Window Shades Bedding Crockery Glassware Lamps Kitchen Utensils Cooking Stove Rockers &c &c

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THOMAS CARTER

Portland Aug 11 1868

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Portland Or Aug 11 1868

To Lease For One Year

Coos Bay Stage and U. S. Mail Line

STAGE LEAVES ROSEBURG DAILY EXCEPT Sunday at 6 A M and arrives at Empire City the same day at 5 P M Passengers will find each mode of conveyance comfortable Through passengers will be taken in four horse coaches Express matter will be carried in two horse coaches Freight will be carried in wagons Stages will connect at Roseburg with daily trains for Portland

SOUTHERN OREGON STAGE CO

DIRECT IMPORTATION

500 boxes French Wattier Castile Soap. Toilet Articles

200 boxes White Castile Soap. For sale in lots to suit

WATSON, WRIGHT & CO.,

10 North Front st.

DANCING ACADEMY.

ACADEMY (FOR SECOND AND RAILROAD etc. will be open to receive pupils in the art of dancing by the

FRASER GRANT SYSTEM.

On Wednesday August 12 at 2 o'clock P M—Waltz is learned in EIGHT LESSONS.

Jacob Kamm Sons

IN LOTS TO SUIT, BY

E. E. LAMBERT & CO.,

Nos. 12 and 14 Front st Portland Or

WANTS.

WANTED—SOMEONE TO BUILD ME FOUR rods a good cottage of 6 rooms Reference excellent address waiting Location R H P O drawer 16, city

MEDICAL—ELECTRO MAGNETIC HEALTH Rings Electric Therapeutic bath can manifest Most active means established in connection and needs Electricity and will cure Ladies and gentlemen call MRS E. P. [illegible] Jan1

WOMEN'S COMMISSION ROOMS AND EMployment office for women only Now open at 236 First street

WANTED—MANY WOMEN TO SEE AND IN a glass and indestructible business For particulars call at 63 Second street 16

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO visit Dr Harris Mills of Rooms a reliable preparation to preserve youth and prevent wrinkles, to moves tan freckles and pimples and make the skin soft as velvet Both in should use it nothing equals it for chapped hands price 50 cents Also A M Tilley's Liquid Hair Dressing Compound for restoring liquid gold from ash or wooden goods gloves etc Price 25 cts per box Office 74 Second st Portland, Or 14dec

WANTED—A GOOD SALESMAN TO GO OUT OF town to sell stone 6 per day J B KELLY Oregon City 14dec

WANTED—A BOY TO LEARN A TINNER'S trade one who has a good knowledge of reading preferred No compensation the first six months Inquire at this office

WANTED—TWENTY ROCK MINERS TO WORK in Quartz at Bailey's Peak Douglas County Apply at HOLMES office Rock foot of Washington st

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS NURSE TO TAKE care of child for good wages Apply in Washington and Wood Yard foot of Ankeny street

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE AND HAIR Dressing at Mrs Whitelaw's 81 Morrison st 13dec

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping and bedroom Inquire at 128 Second st 13dec

FOR RENT—A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS BRICK building on Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Apply to Mrs E. CORBETT

THE CORBETT LODGING HOUSE, NOW IN the Corbett building on Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts is open for the reception of guests Rooms large and well furnished Terms reasonable Meals at all hours Mrs E. CORBETT

THE PORTLAND BOARDING AND LODGING building Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Furnished rooms and board by the day week or month Terms reasonable Meals at all hours

FOR RENT—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE Umatilla Planing Mills Machinery in good running order Two gin saws a planing matcher and finishing machine Also a large lot of land suitable for a wood yard and lumber yard Inquire of John H. Foster on the premises, or address Foster & Ferguson Portland Or Inquire of John H Foster 89 Front st Portland Or

ROOMS AND BOARD.

TURNER—WITH BOARD ELEGANTLY furnished rooms suitable for gentlemen and their wives Location Address TURNER this office

TWO ROOMS AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family for gentlemen and wife 104 North Second st Terms moderate

ROOMS AND BOARD—A HANDSOME FRONT room and board for gentlemen and wife Also a single room with board Apply at 220 Second st

ROOMS AND BOARD—AT THE CORNER OF Second and Jefferson sts Rooms large and well furnished Board first class Terms reasonable

THE ARLINGTON HOUSE, CORNER OF Second and Jefferson sts Rooms large and well furnished Board first class Terms reasonable

TO LET—ROOMS AND SHOPS.

TO LET—A NEW BRICK STORE ON FIRST street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Apply to Mrs E. CORBETT

FOR RENT—THE STORE NOW OCCUPIED by Hoffman & Co on Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Apply to Mrs E. CORBETT

FOR RENT—THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS brick store on Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Apply to Mrs E. CORBETT

FOR RENT—THE STORE NOW OCCUPIED by Hoffman & Co on Front street between Jefferson and Columbia sts Apply to Mrs E. CORBETT

FOR RENT—THE BRICK STORE ON FIRST

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 16, 1882.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Aug. 14, 1882, 9 P. M.

Local Station	Height of Barom'r	Change in last 3 hrs.	Ther.	Direc'n	Wind Vel. Hrly.	State of Weather
Portland	29.90	-.1	58	Calm	.00	Clear
Walla Walla	30.01	-.1	64	Calm	.00	Clear
Lewiston	30.06	-.2	60	NW	.00	Clear
Roseburg	29.96	-.0	70	S	.00	Clear
Red Bluff	29.92	-.0	68	SW	.00	Clear
San Francisco	30.00	.1	58	NW	.00	Clear

Maximum temperature, 72; minimum temperature, 57.

J. C. ALLEN, Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ASSIGNEE'S AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

Gunn, Allen & Co., assignees in bankruptcy of Jacob Kamm, Jr., & Co., will sell at auction at the store of the bankrupt, No. 1 Front street, corner of Ankeny street, on THIS DAY, Wednesday, August 16, at 10 o'clock A. M., the entire stock of boots and shoes, consisting of a full assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid, Goat, Glove, Grain and Serge Button and Lace Boots, Gaiters, Oxford Ties, Slippers, etc., Men's, Youths' and Boys' Calf, Kip, Grain and Split Boots, Brogans, Congress Gaiters, Oxford Ties, Slippers, etc., Rubbers, Overshoes, Felt Boots, Socks, Shoe Findings, Counters, Shelving, Desks, Safe, Scales, Stove, etc.

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CITY

THE RIVER AT WAR.—The default entered against the defendants by the county clerk in the case of the Northern Pacific Terminal Company vs. Kenneth & Lowenberg in the state circuit court, to quiet title to certain real estate in Portland, was set aside by Judge Bean on motion of the defendants' counsel. The motion to set aside the default was overruled, and the defendants excepted to the ruling. Subsequently the demurrer of the defendants to the complaint was also overruled, and the defendants excepted to the ruling. Another motion, to strike out part of the answer, was allowed, certain portions of the answer being stricken out. This answer in full then stood as filed, and the demurrer to it was also overruled

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1888.

THE COMMERCIAL FUTURE.

A San Francisco Journal's View of the Consequences of the Completion of the Northern Pacific.

San Francisco Bulletin, Aug. 9.

The effect which the completion of the Northern Pacific is going to have on the future of this city, is one of the problems of the hour. San Francisco has its large trade, both in the past of Oregon. To this city were conveyed the goods from New York and Europe which our sister state needed. Her export trade, mostly manufacture of cereals, follows a different route—that is to say, around Cape Horn to Europe. This trade likely to be affected may be defined as a species of brokerage. The commodities destined for Oregon were deposited here on the way, and we took much toll out of them as the business would stand. But this is a part of commerce which must stand to undermine volume to be a factor in maintaining a large city. We have all the Chinese trade there is, coming this way. But no very large commercial benefits are derived from it. The tea and silk are transferred from the ship to the car, and leave nothing behind but the trifling expense of handling.

The invention of the sealed car, however, has created not only against San Francisco but all seaboard cities. Before the age of that custom house on wheels all foreign goods had to go into store at the point of importation. The new regulation became the law before any of the seaboard cities had waked up to its importance, if, indeed, they considered it at all. It was brought about by the quiet action of the enterprising interior cities. It is life in all, and the commercial independence of individuals in comparison. For unless it every interior city can be a seaport, or to speak in proof—we do not know that any inland city—there can be no large business men. Commerce is the child of ships, and ships are born of seaports. It has been the history of the past, and the history of the future, or nothing is changed. The growth of inland cities is in exact proportion to the growth of the seaboard cities. Take, for instance, the relative growth of Chicago and New York. In the year 1850 the population of New York was 515,547, and that of Chicago 29,963. In 1880 New York had 1,206,299, and Chicago 503,304. In the year 1850 the assessed valuation of New York was $371,223,000, and that of Chicago $15,979,000. In 1880 the assessed valuation of New York was $1,911,000,000, and that of Chicago $370,000,000. In the year 1850 the value of the exports of New York was $19,000,000, and that of Chicago $1,000,000. In 1880 the exports of New York were $698,000,000, and those of Chicago $40,000,000. In the year 1850 the imports of New York were $96,000,000, and those of Chicago $1,000,000. In 1880 the imports of New York were $627,000,000, and those of Chicago $40,000,000. In the year 1850 the tonnage of New York was 1,000,000, and that of Chicago 100,000. In 1880 the tonnage of New York was 5,000,000, and that of Chicago 1,000,000. In the year 1850 the number of vessels entered at New York was 3,000, and at Chicago 1,000. In 1880 the number of vessels entered at New York was 12,000, and at Chicago 4,000. In the year 1850 the number of vessels cleared at New York was 3,000, and at Chicago 1,000. In 1880 the number of vessels cleared at New York was 12,000, and at Chicago 4,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers arriving at New York was 300,000, and at Chicago 10,000. In 1880 the number of passengers arriving at New York was 1,000,000, and at Chicago 40,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers departing from New York was 300,000, and from Chicago 10,000. In 1880 the number of passengers departing from New York was 1,000,000, and from Chicago 40,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers arriving at Chicago was 10,000, and at New York 300,000. In 1880 the number of passengers arriving at Chicago was 40,000, and at New York 1,000,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers departing from Chicago was 10,000, and from New York 300,000. In 1880 the number of passengers departing from Chicago was 40,000, and from New York 1,000,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers arriving at New York was 300,000, and at Chicago 10,000. In 1880 the number of passengers arriving at New York was 1,000,000, and at Chicago 40,000. In the year 1850 the number of passengers departing from New York was 300,000, and from Chicago 10,000. In 1880 the number of passengers departing from New York was 1,000,000, and from Chicago 40,000.

NEWS BY STEAMER.

The Lowa Epidemic Scare Proves to be Unconscious.

INTERESTING RACES OVER EASTERN TRACKS.

A Statement by Bacon—A Very Romantic Wedding—Important Newspaper Change—Irish Conspirators—Etc.

Associated Press Telegraph Newspapers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—During Uncle Rufus Hatch's picnic yesterday, Savage of the London *Daily Telegraph* said: "I do not think interviewing will ever become common in England, because we are too much afraid of revealing private affairs. For instance, did the *Telegraph* want to publish Gladstone's opinions, they would be done by interviewing Gladstone, and the *Telegraph* would then state that Gladstone would do, and so and, if Gladstone did not want to do so he would not do so, and would be bound by no news paper promises. The American press surprises the London papers in matters of local news. We cannot publish parliamentary speeches, reports, etc., and have but little room for local items. The editorial forms public opinion in London. The *Telegraph* first advocated Disraeli's Asiatic policy, a policy which Mr. Gladstone has followed. The English people are changing every day, and drawing towards republicanism. About newspapers, I can say the *Telegraph's* daily circulation is between 240,000 and 260,000. It circulated once 300,000 copies. The *Telegraph* is at present printed in nineteen minutes; an American paper, ten times as large, in about half an hour. I, of course, only speak of short editorials are more effective. We use long ones.

A Very Romantic Wedding.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Speaking of the marriage of Miss Fargo, widow of the president of the American Express Company, to F. Fargo last evening, the New York *Herald* this morning says: The marriage is exceedingly romantic. Mrs. Fargo's friends have tried every means in their power to prevent the marriage taking place. About six weeks ago an engagement was given. It was now believed that this was done for the purpose of avoiding opposition. The gentleman continued his attentions, however, and the wedding is the result. Mrs. Fargo is reported that the wedding would take place in September and its occurrence last evening will be a surprise to those who were entering invitations were quietly delivered about the city in the afternoon but before night the matter was on everybody's mouth. The married people are both in good health. The bride and groom left for aristocratic Elberon yesterday, while of love yarns Mr. Fargo has been a newspaper writer of small means and held a brilliant social standing.

A Statement by Bacon.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—A special from Pittsburg says: N. C. Duke of Pittsburg, Pa., who quit Ogdahl Bacon's daughter and afterwards killed Nutt, and was 12 years killed by Nutt's son after a trial which resulted in Dukes' acquittal, left a lengthy statement which he says he has left in the hands of Bacon, definitely detailing the circumstances of the killing, in which he claims that Nutt was the aggressor, he goes on to say that when he wrote the first letters to Miss Bacon he was in debt $1,000 to loan associates, accumulated an equally big blunder, so patent that he thinks he must have been out of his senses. He professes the greatest respect for Miss Bacon and sorrow for the trouble he has brought upon her, and might exchange places with the dead. He denies ruining the daughter, and says the killing of Nutt was no part of a deep-laid scheme, and says if there is any part of it dishonorable in the killing he is not wholly responsible.

Important Newspaper Change.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The *Tribune's* Montreal special says: An important change, affecting a leading American newspaper, occurred here to-day. James Wilson Hinkley, of the *Herald*, was elected managing director of the *Graphic* Company. Mr. Hinkley is the same gentleman who lately purchased the Poughkeepsie *Press* and Poughkeepsie *Telegraph* respectively. The sales of daily papers were by the proprietors in Dutchess county New York. Mr. Hinkley is a pronounced democrat, a member of the Manhattan club and one of the democratic executive committee of Dutchess county. What bearing this will have on the course of the *Daily Graphic* remains to be seen, but it is said that he intends to continue the paper in its independent course. Heretofore a majority of the $75,000 of stock of the *Graphic* Company has been held here, it being originally promoted by a Canadian company.

Family Troubles.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Alfriam S. Earl of Valparaiso, Ind., divorced wife of John S. Earl of Chicago, and have two children, bring suit against the husband and father, alleging that in 1876 Earl was appointed trustee of the estate of his father, George Earl of Philadelphia, valued at $1,000,000, including $300,000 in the hands of the Pennsylvania railroad, to be employed in paying annuities to complainants; that he procured a fraudulent divorce fifteen years ago and married again; that suit is now pending to set the aside the *Telegraph's* daily circulation between 240,000 and 260,000. It circulated once 300,000 copies. The *Telegraph* is at present printed in nineteen minutes; an American paper, ten times as large, in about half an hour. I, of course, only speak of short editorials are more effective. We use long ones.

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Not so Bad, After All.

MUSCATINE Ia., Aug. 10.—The scare at Wilton Junction is subsiding. The disease proves to be malignant dysentery, caused by impure water, by insects. No additional deaths have occurred, though several new persons are still very ill. The general condition of the sick, of the number about fifty, is much improved. Dr. Wood is better. It is believed the disease is now under control.

THE TURF.

In creating Contests over Eastern Tracks—Good Time Made.

BUFFALO, Aug. 9.—This was the third day of the races at the Buffalo driving park. The weather and track were fine. Fully 10,000 people were present. The judges gave the drivers to understand that any crookedness would be summarily dealt with. The races were, therefore, not influenced in such a manner as in the interest of the Prince would be, being conducted with the usual fairness. The time was slow. The 2:22 class for trotters was not finished, owing to the darkness. Three heats were trotted, Phyllis taking the first in 2:23¾. The second heat was won by Nellie, and the third by Phyllis. The next heat was won by Nellie, and the third by Phyllis. The next heat was won by Nellie, and the third by Phyllis. The next